

imaging system so as to cause said radiation source and said radiation detector apparatus to rotate around said patient cavity.

[c13] 13.The method of claim 7, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said radiation beam to pass through a patient.

[c14] 14.The method of claim 9, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam toward said first radiation detector and so as to cause said second x-ray emitter to project a second x-ray beam toward said second radiation detector; wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said first radiation detector; and wherein said second x-ray beam passes through said patient so as to generate a second attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said second attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said second radiation detector.

[c15] 15.The method of claim 8, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam toward said first radiation detector; wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said first radiation detector and said second radiation detector.

[c16] 16.The method of claim 7, wherein said processing includes super positioning said first detector data and said second detector data so as to create said image data.

[c17] 17.The method of claim 7, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to differentiate between material characteristics, wherein said material characteristics include material type and material density.

[c18] 18.The method of claim 7, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement a beam

hardening correction scheme.

- [c19] 19.The method of claim 7, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement an imaging system correction scheme.
- [c20] 20.A medium encoded with a machine-readable computer program code for differentiating material characteristics using a hybrid scintillation/direct conversion imaging system, wherein the hybrid scintillation/direct conversion imaging system includes a radiation source and a radiation detector apparatus having a first radiation detector and a second radiation detector, said medium including instructions for causing controller to implement a method comprising: operating the imaging system so as to cause said radiation source to emit a radiation beam toward said radiation detector apparatus such that said first radiation detector generates first detector data and said second radiation detector generates second detector data; and processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to generate image data.
- [c21] 21.The medium of claim 20, wherein said operating includes associating a patient with a patient support structure and disposing said patient support structure within a patient cavity.
- [c22] 22.The medium of claim 20, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said radiation source and said radiation detector apparatus to rotate around a patient cavity.
- [c23] 23.The medium of claim 20, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said radiation beam to pass through a patient.
- [c24] 24.The medium of claim 20, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause a first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam toward said first radiation detector and so as to cause a second x-ray emitter to project a second x-ray beam toward said second radiation detector; wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is

communicated with said first radiation detector; and
 wherein said second x-ray beam passes through said patient so as to generate
 a second attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said second attenuated x-ray beam is
 communicated with said second radiation detector.

[c25] 25. The medium of claim 20, wherein said operating includes operating said
 imaging system so as to cause a first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam
 toward said first radiation detector;
 wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first
 attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is
 communicated with said first radiation detector and said second radiation
 detector.

[c26] 26. The medium of claim 20, wherein said processing includes super positioning
 said first detector data and said second detector data so as to create said image
 data.

[c27] 27. The medium of claim 20, wherein said processing includes processing said
 first detector data and said second detector data so as to differentiate between
 material characteristics, wherein said material characteristics include material
 type and material density.

[c28] 28. The medium of claim 20, wherein said processing includes processing said
 first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement a beam
 hardening correction scheme.

[c29] 29. The medium of claim 20, wherein said processing includes processing said
 first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement an imaging
 system correction scheme.

[c30] 30. A hybrid scintillation/direct conversion imaging system, comprising:
 a gantry, wherein said gantry defines a patient cavity and includes a radiation
 source and a radiation detection apparatus, wherein said radiation detection
 apparatus includes a first radiation detector and a second radiation detector and
 wherein said radiation source and said radiation detection apparatus are
 rotatably associated with said gantry so as to be separated by said patient

[illegible]

a patient support structure movingly associated with said gantry so as to allow communication with said patient cavity; and

a processing device, for obtaining data from said first radiation detector and said second radiation detector.

[c31] 31.The imaging system of claim 30, wherein said first radiation detector is a scintillator/photo-sensor detector and wherein said second radiation detector is a direct conversion detector.

[c32] 32.The imaging system of claim 30, wherein said first radiation detector is disposed so as to be adjacent to said second radiation detector.

[c33] 33.The imaging system of claim 30, wherein said first radiation detector is disposed so as to be non-adjacent to said second radiation detector.

[c34] 34.The imaging system of claim 30, wherein said radiation source includes a first radiation emitter opposingly disposed relative to said first radiation detector and wherein said radiation source includes a second radiation emitter opposingly disposed relative to said second radiation detector.

[c35] 35.The imaging system of claim 30, wherein said radiation source includes a first radiation emitter opposingly disposed relative to said first radiation detector and said second radiation detector.

[c36] 36.A computer data signal, comprising:
code configured to cause a processor to implement a method for differentiating material characteristics using a hybrid scintillation/direct conversion imaging system, wherein the hybrid scintillation/direct conversion imaging system includes a radiation source and a radiation detector apparatus having a first radiation detector and a second radiation detector, the method further comprising:
operating the imaging system so as to cause said radiation source to emit a radiation beam toward said detector apparatus such that said first radiation detector generates first detector data and said second radiation detector generates second detector data; and

processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to generate image data.

- [c37] 37.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said operating includes associating a patient with a patient support structure and disposing said patient support structure within a patient cavity.
- [c38] 38.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said radiation source and said radiation detector apparatus to rotate around a patient cavity.
- [c39] 39.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause said radiation beam to pass through a patient.
- [c40] 40.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause a first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam toward said first radiation detector and so as to cause a second x-ray emitter to project a second x-ray beam toward said second radiation detector; wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said first radiation detector; and wherein said second x-ray beam passes through said patient so as to generate a second attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said second attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said second radiation detector.
- [c41] 41.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said operating includes operating said imaging system so as to cause a first x-ray emitter to project a first x-ray beam toward said first radiation detector; wherein said first x-ray beam passes through a patient so as to generate a first attenuated x-ray beam, wherein said first attenuated x-ray beam is communicated with said first radiation detector and said second radiation detector.
- [c42] 42.The data signal of claim 36, wherein said processing includes super positioning said first detector data and said second detector data so as to create said image data.

- [c43] 43. The data signal of claim 36, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to differentiate between material characteristics, wherein said material characteristics include material type and material density.
- [c44] 44. The data signal of claim 36, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement a beam hardening correction scheme.
- [c45] 45. The data signal of claim 36, wherein said processing includes processing said first detector data and said second detector data so as to implement an imaging system correction scheme.